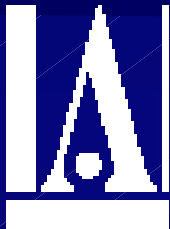


The Caltrans Stormwater Monitoring Protocols Guidance Manual

Presented by:
Armand Ruby
Larry Walker Associates



Chronology:

Caltrans Statewide Monitoring Program: initiated 1995-96

- First efforts to standardize, coordinate District activities

Caltrans Stormwater Monitoring Protocols

- First Edition: August, 1997
- Second Edition: July, 2000

Caltrans Data Reporting Protocols

- First version: July, 2000

(updated annually; components added as protocols developed)

Caltrans Litter Monitoring Protocols

- First Edition: October, 2000

Caltrans Toxicity Study Protocols

- First Edition: October, 2001

Caltrans Particle/Sediment Monitoring Protocols

- First Edition: due 2002 (in prep.)

Caltrans Stormwater Monitoring Protocols Guidance Manual

Contributors:

First Edition (August 1997):

Caltrans
Larry Walker Associates
Woodward-Clyde Consultants
CSU, Sacramento
Camp Dresser & McKee

Second Edition (July, 2000):

Caltrans
Larry Walker Associates
UC, Davis
CSU, Chico
CSU, Sacramento
Brown and Caldwell Consultants
Camp Dresser and McKee
LAW Crandall
Kinnetic Laboratories, Inc.
Montgomery Watson

Caltrans Stormwater Monitoring Protocols Guidance Manual Purpose, Goals, Benefits

Purpose:

Establishes uniform policies and procedures

- for runoff water quality monitoring
- specific to transportation-related facilities

Primary Goals:

Provide consistency in monitoring methods

- among Caltrans various programs, projects, locations
- over time

Ensure production of high quality (accurate, precise) data

Benefits:

Provides for data comparability

Enhances data management (storage, retrieval, analysis)

Ensures data reliability

Caltrans Stormwater Monitoring Protocols Guidance Manual

Organization

Part I: Preparing the Monitoring Plan

Part II: Implementing the Monitoring Plan

Inherent concept:

All monitoring projects will have written methods/procedures

Caltrans Stormwater Monitoring Protocols Guidance Manual

Part I: Preparing the Monitoring Plan

- *Develop Purpose and Objectives*
- *Site Selection*
- *Constituent Selection*
- *Selection of Monitoring Methods and Equipment*
- *Sampling and Analysis Plan*

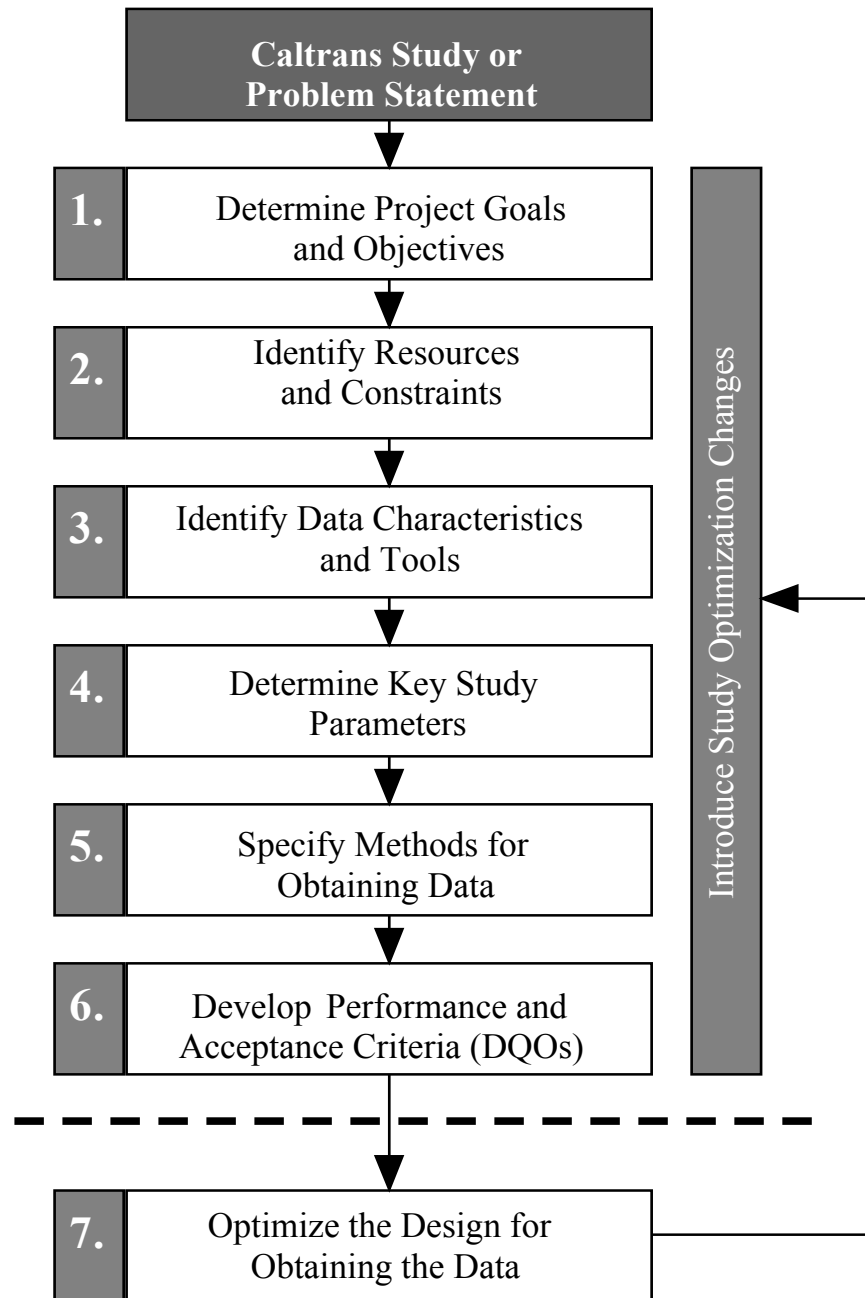


Figure 2-1. Systematic Planning Process Flow Chart

Caltrans Stormwater Monitoring Protocols Guidance Manual

Part I: Preparing the Monitoring Plan

Site Selection

- Representativeness
- Personnel Safety
- Site Access
- Equipment Safety
- Flow Measurement Capability
- Electrical Power and Telephone
- Non-Caltrans Sources
- BMP Effectiveness
- Site Visit

Figure 4-1. Flow chart of constituent selection process

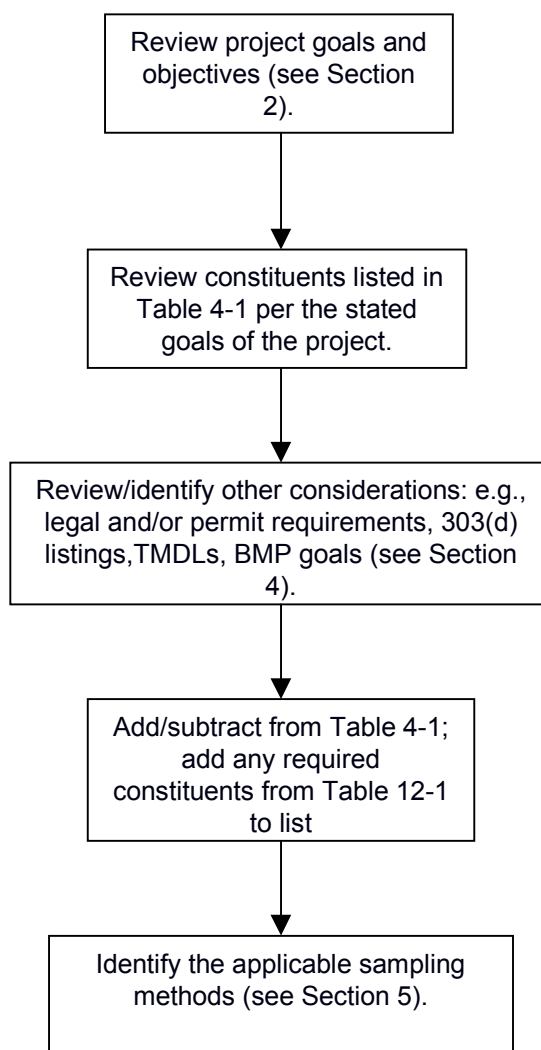


Table 4-1. Minimum Constituent List for Characterization ⁽¹⁾

	<i>Units</i>	<i>RL</i>
<i>Constituent/Parameter name</i>		
Conventional		
Conductivity	µmhos/cm	±1 ⁽²⁾
Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L	2
pH	pH Units	±0.1 ⁽²⁾
Temperature	°C	±0.1 ⁽²⁾
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	mg/L	1
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	mg/L	1
Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)	mg/L	1
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	mg/L	1
Nutrients		
Nitrate as Nitrogen (NO ₃ -N)	mg/L	0.1
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	mg/L	0.1
Total Phosphorous	mg/L	0.03
Dissolved Ortho-Phosphate	mg/L	0.03
Metals (total recoverable and dissolved)		
Arsenic (As)	µg/L	1
Cadmium (Cd)	µg/L	0.2
Chromium (Cr)	µg/L	1
Copper (Cu)	µg/L	1
Lead (Pb)	µg/L	1
Nickel (Ni)	µg/L	2
Zinc (Zn)	µg/L	5
Organic Compounds⁽³⁾		
Diuron	µg/L	1
Glyphosate	µg/L	5
Oryzalin	µg/L	1
Oxadiazon	µg/L	0.05
Triclopyr	µg/L	0.1

⁽¹⁾ For analytical methods and other specifications, see **Table 12-1** in **Section 12**.

⁽²⁾ Refers to instrument resolution.

⁽³⁾ Analysis for the listed herbicides applies to Caltrans statewide characterization monitoring only; this analysis may not be appropriate or necessary for other types of projects.

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Part I: Preparing the Monitoring Plan

Selection of Monitoring Methods and Equipment

- Sample Collection Methods
- Sample Collection Equipment
- Flow Measurement Methods and Equipment
- Precipitation Measurement
- System Integration
- System Command/Control
- Remote Communication
- Data Management

Caltrans Stormwater Monitoring Protocols Guidance Manual

Part I: Preparing the Monitoring Plan

Selection of Monitoring Methods and Equipment

- Flow-proportioned composites preferred
 - Best representation of quality throughout event
 - Analytical results represent “EMC”
- Use automated equipment when feasible
 - Typical set-up: Autosampler, flow meter, rain gauge, datalogger, modem

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Part II: Implementing the Monitoring Plan

- *Equipment Installation and Maintenance*
- *Training*
- *Preparation and Logistics*
- *Sample Collection*
- *Quality Assurance/Quality Control*
- *Laboratory Sample Preparation and Analytical Methods*
- *QA/QC Data Evaluation*
- *Data Reporting Protocols*

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Part II: Implementing the Monitoring Plan

Sample Collection

Clean Sampling Techniques

Reduce potential sample contamination:

- At least two persons, wearing clean, powder-free nitrile gloves at all times, are required on a sampling crew.
- Clean techniques must be employed whenever handling containers or equipment used for collection of samples for trace metals or organics analysis.

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Part II: Implementing the Monitoring Plan

Sample Collection

Sampling Event Representativeness Criteria

Table 10-1. Monitoring Event Representativeness Requirements

<i>Total Event Precipitation</i>	<i>Minimum Acceptable Number of Aliquots</i>	<i>Percent Capture Requirement</i>
0-0.25"	6	85
0.25-0.5"	8	80
0.5-1"	10	80
>1"	12	75

Example QC Sample Schedule

<i>Site</i>	<i>Pre-Season</i>	<i>Event #1</i>	<i>Event #2</i>	<i>Event #3</i>	<i>Event #4</i>
Site 1		MS/MSD		Field Duplicate (Site C)	Field Blank (Site B)
Site 2	Equipment Blank (Site A1)	Field Blank (Site B)	MS/MSD		Lab Duplicate
Site 3		Field Duplicate (Site C)	Field Blank (Site B)	MS/MSD	
Site 4	Equipment Blank (Site A2)		Lab Duplicate	Field Blank (Site B)	MS/MSD
Laboratory	Composite bottle blank; sample bottle blanks				

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Part II: Implementing the Monitoring Plan

QA/QC Data Evaluation

- Initial Data Quality Screening
 - Verify consistency: SAP/COC/Lab Reports
 - Check lab report completeness
 - Check for obvious errors: typos/incongruities
- Data Quality Evaluation
 - Reporting Limits
 - Holding Times
 - Contamination (blanks)
 - Accuracy (spikes)
 - Precision (duplicates)

Other Caltrans Data Management Tools (available on CD)

Hydrologic Utility

- Produce event hydrograph and
- evaluate compliance with representativeness criteria

Lab EDD Error Checker and Automated Data Validation Software

- Checks electronic lab reports for errors and
- Compares results to DQOs

Data Analysis Tool

- Produces descriptive statistics
- Handles non-detect values

Caltrans Monitoring Protocols – Master Guidance Manual (*DRAFT*)

Contains:

- Stormwater Quality Monitoring Protocols
- Particle/Sediment Monitoring Protocols
- Litter Monitoring Protocols
- Toxicity Study Protocols
- Caltrans Data Reporting Protocols

(2 copies available for viewing)

Caltrans Stormwater Program web site:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/env/stormwater/index.htm>

Special Documents web site:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/env/stormwater/special/index.htm>

Select: *Caltrans Guidance Manual: Storm Water Monitoring Protocols*

